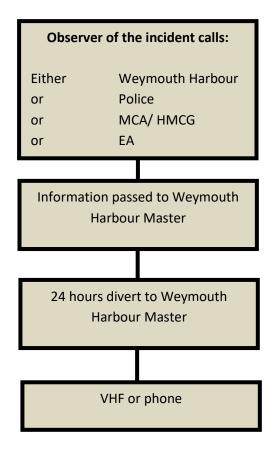
#### Part 2: Actions & Operations

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#### Section 5: Actions Sheets

#### 5.1 Observer of the Incident



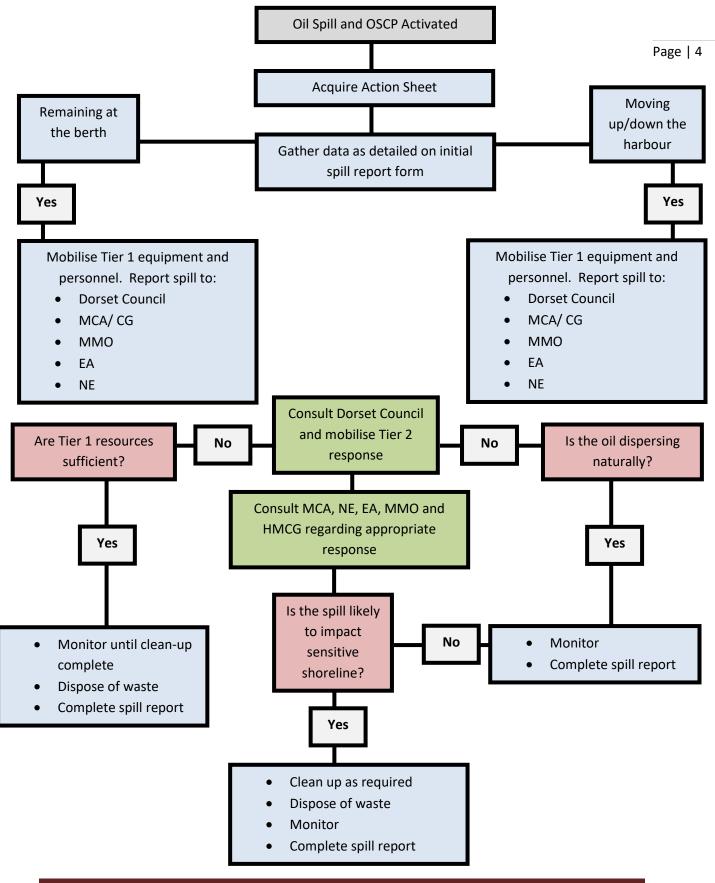
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## Information to be obtained as Initial Spill Report

| Date and Time:                            |      |
|---|------|
| Name of person reporting incident:        | Page |
| Call back number:                         | 0 1  |
| Location of the Incident:                 |      |
|   |      |
| Estimated quantity of spilled oil:        |      |
| litres/tonnes                             |      |
| Weather and tide height:                  |      |
| Type of oil spilled:                      |      |
| Action taken to prevent further spillage: |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
| Other relevant information:               |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
| Contact Address:                          |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |

#### 5.2 Weymouth Harbour Master

#### Initial response upon notification of a spill



#### **Action Sheet**

In the event of a call out requirement, the following action sheets should be used as a check list to ensure proper cover of all aspects of response.

| Weymouth Harbour Master |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No                      | Action   | Refer to                                       |  |  |  |  |
| 1                       | Obtain all available information regarding the spillage and ensure that an Incident Log has been started.  | Incident log sheet<br>section 8.1 - 8.2        |  |  |  |  |
| 2                       | Go to spill site to confirm the spill quantity and determine the initial level of manpower and equipment resource mobilisation required.                             | Tiered response<br>Section 4.2 & 11            |  |  |  |  |
| 3                       | Attempt to contain the oil.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                       | Report the spill to the Dorset Council, MMO, EA and NE.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                       | Contact MCA to inform them of spill in accordance with the notification matrix and inform them that the POLREP will follow in due course.                            | Statutory<br>notification<br>section 6.1 & 8.1 |  |  |  |  |
| 6                       | Fill in the POLREP Report Form and forward to MCA for submission to statutory bodies.  | POLREP<br>Report form<br>section 8.1           |  |  |  |  |
| 7                       | Call-out additional response personnel ensuring appropriate PPE is available.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8                       | Constantly monitor situation.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tier 2                  | and 3 Incidents  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9                       | Inform Dorset Council, MMO, EA and NE of decision to mobilise Tier 2 response contractor.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10                      | Set up Marine Response Centre (MRC) / Activation of the Strategic Coordinating Group and the Tactical Co-ordinating Group.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11                      | Contact oil spill response contractor and agree primary level of response required.  | Resources<br>directory section<br>11           |  |  |  |  |
| 12                      | Start and maintain an accurate log of all communications with the oil spill response contractor.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13                      | Establish communication link with the oil spill response contractor duty manager and issue a call back number.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14                      | Determine extent of incident in terms of:<br>• Casualties<br>• Safety hazards<br>• Damage to facilities<br>• Pollution extent<br>• Result of any action taken so far |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15                      | Brief oil spill response contractor site supervisor of actions as appropriate.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16                      | Establish review/planning meetings. Continue normal communications and ad-hoc reporting.   |  |  |  |  |  |

| 17 | When incident stood down, confirm incident closure with all agencies involved. |  |
|----|--|--|
| 18 | Complete incident log and ensure receipt of report from response supervisor.   |  |

#### **Escalation of Response**

Page | 6

In the event that a response escalates to Tier 2 or Tier 3, sufficient personnel must be mobilised to establish an incident centre and a room must be made available to meet with personnel from external agencies. The Weymouth Harbour Master will retain the position of Incident Commander unless any change is agreed with the Government Agencies involved. If the response is likely to become protracted, the Harbour Master must make arrangements for the incident centre to be managed and run according to the needs of the response team. This may entail providing catering and accommodation arrangements locally. In the event that outside contractors are employed to assist with the clean-up, due notice must be taken of the Health and Safety Policy contained in Section 4.1 of this Plan.

In the event of an incident requiring salvage operations the Secretary of State's Representative (SOSREP) will decide whether it is necessary to set up a Salvage Control Unit (SCU). If the size of the incident merits the establishment of a SCU, the Duty Emergency Planning Officer will initiate the establishment of the SCU and the SOSREP may travel to the scene or manage the incident remotely as appropriate. Upon establishment of a SCU the Harbour Master will become an active member of the SCU team liaising with the SOSREP throughout the course of the incident.

The members of the SCU are:-

- SOSREP;
- Salvage Manager from the salvage company appointed by the ship-owner;
- Weymouth Harbour Master or nominated representative;
- Single representative nominated by agreement between the ship-owner and the insurers (for both the physical property and their liabilities);
- CPSO;
- Environmental Liaison Officer, nominated by the Chair of the Environment Group; and
- if SOSREP decides to appoint one, SOSREP's personal salvage advisor.

Under the OPRC 1990 the SOSREP has the powers to establish a Standing Environment Group where Appointed Environment Liaison Officers (ELOs) will provide environmental and public health advice to the response centres and the relevant authority.

| 5.1 NOLIIICA        |     |           |     |                        |   |                  | 1    |
|---------------------|-----|-----------|-----|------------------------|---|------------------|------|
| Organization        | Oi  | l spill t | ier | For co                 | ontact numbers, see section 10 – Co<br>directory  | ntact            |      |
| Organisation        | 1   | 2         | 3   | Method                 | Remarks   | Time<br>Notified | Page |
| Weymouth<br>Harbour | t   | t         | t   | telephone              |   |                  |      |
| MCA /<br>Coastguard | t/e | t/e       | t/e | telephone<br>and email | Coastguard will require<br>information on the oil spill report<br>form in section 8.1. Confirm<br>detail with email by completing a<br>POLREP proforma. |                  |      |
| NE                  | е   | t/e       | t/e | telephone<br>and email | Contact if spill exceeds one<br>tonne (T1), all T2 and T3 spills.<br>NE should always be advised if<br>spill in close proximity to a<br>sensitive site. |                  |      |
| EA                  | t   | t         | t   | telephone              | All spills should be reported to<br>the EA through their 24 hour<br>incident hotline,<br>0800 807 060.  |                  |      |
| MMO                 | t   | t         | t   | telephone              |   |                  |      |
| Dorset<br>Council   | Р   | Р         | Р   | Pager                  | Contact the Duty Emergency<br>Planning Officer (DEPO) via pager<br>07623544346  |                  |      |
| Adler & Allan       |     | t/e       | t/e | telephone<br>and email | Contact the 24-hour contact<br>number. Email not monitored<br>24/7  |                  |      |

#### Section 6: Communications

#### 6.1 Notification Matrix

t: notify immediately by telephone

- e: notify immediately by email
- p: pager
- notify during normal working hours

#### 6.2 Communication and Reporting

#### **Reporting of Oil Pollution**

It is essential that all spills are reported by whatever means as quickly as possible.

a) Responsibility for reporting of oil pollution rests with the Master in all cases involving a vessel and with the berth Operator in the case of a berth or quayside incident. In cases involving a vessel alongside both parties are equally responsible.

- b) Any person either ashore or afloat, seeing oil pollution on the water within the Harbour Authority's jurisdiction or liable to pose a threat to it, should report it whether or not the source is known (section 5.1).
- c) The Weymouth Harbour Master is responsible for ensuring mandatory notifications are made (section 3.6). The HM has a STATUTORY duty 'to notify HMCG without delay' in accordance with Statutory Instrument 1056.

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#### Communication

It is essential that all spills are reported by whatever means as quickly as possible. Responsibility for reporting oil pollution rests with the Master in all cases involving a vessel and with the berth operator in the case of a berth of quayside incident. In cases involving a vessel alongside, both parties are equally responsible. Any person either ashore or afloat, seeing oil pollution on the water within the harbours jurisdiction or liable to pose a threat to it, should report it whether or not the source is known.

Being a relatively small-scale operation, and with the limited number of persons involved, initial reports will be passed by telephone, primarily landline. Should personal mobile phones be used, consideration must be given to security level. In the event of escalation, primary communications will be augmented with assistance from other agencies. In the event of a clean-up operation, a shift system will be instituted to ensure the main switchboard is manned on a 24 hour basis.

#### Vessel Traffic Management System

Before approaching the Harbour entrance, visiting vessels should contract the port radio signal station 'Weymouth Harbour' on VHF channel 12. This is not manned 24 hours. During silent hours, visiting vessels are asked in advance to proceed to a suitable berth.

The channel leading into the Harbour lies between two piers. Red transit lights on the South Quay bearing 239° 38' indicate the main channel and are conspicuous when entering the Harbour. Traffic control signals are displayed in a vertical line from a mast on the South Pier and are used for large vessel movements.

#### Records

It is essential that all events occurring during an incident are logged and recorded (sheet shown in Section 8.2). This will provide assistance if liability, compensation or reimbursement issues arise as a result of the incident. To achieve this, all key personnel should keep logs.

Entries in the log should detail as a minimum, events, actions taken, communications with outside Agencies, decision made and points relevant to the operation.

These logs should be forwarded to the Incident Commander once the incident has ended to form part of the final incident report and provide the basis for a "wash-up" meeting.

#### Section 7: Sensitivity Areas Response Information

#### 7.1 **General Information**

Sensitive areas that should be considered in the clean-up operation include Radipole Lake SSSI and RSPB Reserve. In addition, the predominantly sandy Weymouth Beach does contain some invertebrate interest in the lower shore especially. Weymouth bay itself is included within the Portland and Fleet Page 9 Sensitive Marine Area, habitats and species within the SMA are seagrass, Armandia cirrhosa, birds. There are also seapen and burrowing megafauna habitats present in the deeper waters of the harbour, which are included on the OSPAR list of Threatened and/or Declining Species & Habitats and is a locally important gull roost. Eelgrass beds are also found within the shallow water fronting Weymouth Harbour. Commercial fisheries should also be considered (also mentioned in Section 1.8).

#### **Recommendations**

Dispersant is not to be used and manual collection of tar balls and other oily debris is recommended. If particularly sensitive areas are under threat, it is sometimes possible to place booms, strategically positioned to deflect the oil away from the area. If this strategy is employed, care should be taken on deciding where to place the booms and their configuration. Booming should only be undertaken by trained personnel, otherwise there is a grave risk that the boom will fail. Prevention of oil reaching sensitive habitats is always a better option than attempting removal. Removal of loose oil from the margin of the habitat, if access allows, should always be undertaken to minimise the risk of other habitats being impacted. Furthermore, the clean-up operation should cause less damage than leaving the pollutant in situ.

### Weymouth Bay and Harbour Clean-up Strategy (extract from Dorset Local Resilience Forum Coastal **Pollution Plan**)

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|                     | CLEAN-UP STRATEGY   |
|---------------------|---|
| Useful              | Weymouth Harbourmaster - 01305 838423.  |
| Contacts and        | WPBC - 01305 838000   |
| agreements          | Beach Office – 01305 838513   |
|                     | Adler & Allan – Tier 2 Contractor   |
|                     | There is a Memorandum of Understanding between Portland Port Ltd  |
|                     | and Weymouth Harbour for mutual aid.  |
|                     | In the event of a Tier 1 or 2 the Weymouth Harbour Oil Pollution  |
|                     | Contingency Plan will be used.  |
| Special             | Weymouth Harbour Oil Pollution Contingency Plan   |
| Considerations      | Protection / Booming Positions - Weymouth Harbour   |
|                     | Water Table - ease of clean up on sandy beaches may depend on the   |
|                     | height of water table.  |
| Agreed<br>Treatment | <ul> <li>Avoid excessive disturbance to seabirds during breeding season.<br/>use mechanical removal.</li> </ul> |
| (Natural            | <ul> <li>Lodmoor is not likely to be affected by oil due to the sea wall with two</li> </ul>                    |
| England and         | large surface water outlets. Lodmoor must be avoided when locating  |
| Local               | oily waste collection points. Any oil that does enter the saltmarsh   |
| Authorities)        | should be left to degrade naturally and become covered by further   |
|                     | deposits. Limited disturbance during the summer due to nesting  |
|                     | bearded tits.   |
|                     | <ul> <li>Ensuring that the sluice is closed should protect Radipole Lake. Oil</li> </ul>                        |
|                     | that does enter the lake should be left to degrade naturally.   |
| Equipment           | Held Locally  |
| Guidelines and      | Weymouth Harbour Boom Equipment   |
| Resources.          | <ul> <li>Oil Pollution equipment held by Portland Port</li> </ul>   |
|                     | Weymouth Beach Office: 5-15 personnel available throughout the  |
|                     | vear.   |
| RVP's               | Greenhill/Sea Life Centre Car Park  |
|                     | Bowleaze Cove   |
| Beachmasters        | Harbour Office and Portacabins along the promenade.   |
| Command Post        | <b>5</b> .  |
| Temporary           | Pavilion Car Parks – Tarmac Surface   |
| Storage             | Weymouth Promenade – Tarmac Surface   |
| -                   | Intermediate Waste Site - Lodmoor Household Recycling Centre be   |
|                     | closed to the public.   |
|                     | Lined skips would be required for on-site storage of recovered oil or oily                                      |
|                     | debris.   |

Weymouth Bay and Harbour Sensitivity Score (extract from Dorset Local Resilience Forum Coastal Pollution Plan)

OUTSIDE

Sub Total

CONSIDERATIONS

Political Pressure

Time Restrictions

TOTAL SENSITIVITY

TOTAL MODIFIED

SENSITIVITY

Public Pressure

| FOONOMIC                           |       |        | <i>.</i> | core Worksheet               |       | 0  | 14/ |
|------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------|------------------------------|-------|----|-----|
| ECONOMIC                           | range | S      | W        | AESTHETIC                    | range | S  | W   |
| Income or Use Reduction            | 0-4   | 4      | 2        | Scenic Quality               | 0-4   | 3  | 3   |
| Natural Resource<br>Damage         | 0-4   | 3      | 3        | Visual Impact                | 0-4   | 4  | 4   |
| Replacement /<br>Restoration Costs | 0-4   | 3      | 3        | Local Appreciation           | 0-4   | 4  | 4   |
| Sub Total                          | 0-12  | 1<br>0 | 8        | Sub Total                    | 0-12  | 11 | 11  |
| SOCIAL                             | range | S      | W        | ENVIRONMENTAL                | range | S  | W   |
| Purpose of Use                     | 0-4   | 4      | 3        | Water quality<br>Degradation | 0-4   | 3  | 2   |
| Effect of Oil                      | 0-4   | 4      | 4        | Biological Productivity      | 0-4   | 1  | 1   |
| Degree of Direct Contact           | 0-4   | 4      | 3        | Ecological Significance      | 0-4   | 3  | 3   |
| Amount of Use                      | 0-4   | 4      | 3        | Unique Habitat Uses          | 0-4   | 2  | 2   |
| Treatment before Use               | 0-4   | 2      | 2        | Ecological Vulnerability     | 0-4   | 2  | 2   |
| Sub Total                          | 0-20  | 1<br>8 | 15       | Sub Total                    | 0-20  | 11 | 10  |
| Total Sensitivity Rating           | 0-64  | 5<br>0 | 44       |                              |       |    | -   |

W

4

4

1

9

44

53

EA & NE

S

4

4

2

10

50

60

rang

е

0-4

0-4

0-4

12

0-64

0-76

These priorities were determined and agreed

at a meeting in May 2015 by representatives

of the following organisations: DCC, WDDC,

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 Table 11: Recommendations and Avoidances for Differing Shorelines

| Type of Beach | Recommendations   |
|---------------|---|
| Sandy         | Avoid over cleaning or removing more sand than necessary. |
|               |   |

|                 | Removal may increase beach erosion and increase disposal problems.                   |    |
|-----------------|--|----|
| Pebble Shingle  | Do not use dispersant without prior permission of MMO.                               |    |
| r coole shingle | Avoid spreading oil into unoiled, sensitive lower tidal zone.                        |    |
|                 | Avoid changing the beach profile.  |    |
|                 | Avoid removing large volumes of substrate.   |    |
|                 | Avoid pushing the oil further into the substrate                                     |    |
|                 | Avoid oiling adjacent habitat.   | 12 |
|                 | Avoid physical disturbance to vegetated shingle ridges above high water mark.        |    |
| Rocky           | Avoid excessive foot traffic on sensitive areas.                                     |    |
| ПОСКУ           | Danger to manpower from tides, slips and falls.                                      |    |
|                 | The use of heated or freshwater.   |    |
|                 | Avoid washing the oil into the ecologically sensitive lower tidal zone.              |    |
|                 | Avoid removing bedrocks.   |    |
| Boulder         | Avoid overloading plastic sacks, ensure bags are double thickness.                   |    |
| Douraci         | Avoid the removal of the substrate.  |    |
|                 | Avoid changing the beach profile.  |    |
|                 | Avoid unnecessary disturbance to ecologically sensitive 'under boulder' communities. |    |
| Muddy Shore     | If possible leave to degrade naturally.  |    |
| Widday Shore    | Closely controlled manual recovery (low pressure flushing and sorbents).             |    |
|                 | Avoid pushing oil further into the substrate.  |    |
|                 | Avoid use of plant or heavy machinery.   |    |
| Salt Marsh and  | Priority case for protection booming.  |    |
| Intertidal      | Pruning heavily contaminated vegetation.   |    |
| Mudflats        | If possible, leave to degrade naturally.   |    |
| Waajiats        | Closely controlled manual recovery (low pressure flushing and sorbents).             |    |
|                 | Avoid pushing oil further into the substrate.  |    |
|                 | Avoid use of plant or heavy machinery.   |    |
|                 | Avoid completely removing oiled vegetation for cosmetic clean-up.                    |    |
|                 |  |    |

#### 7.2 Tidal Data

The Harbour is not subject to drying out at periods of low tides. However, the Harbour is subject to tidal influences, it will be necessary to attach all containment booms to 'running moorings' to allow them to rise and fall with the tide. Weymouth has the smallest tidal range and shortest navigable access distance of any harbour on the South Coast.

#### Controlled Document

Part 2

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#### Table 12: Clean-up Options

| Clean                   | -up Options   |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           | Shore / (                           | Coast Type                     |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Clean-up Options Matrix |   | Salt<br>Marsh | Sheltered<br>Rocky<br>Coast | Sheltered<br>Tidal Mud<br>Flats | Gravel<br>Beach | Sand /<br>Gravel<br>Beach | Exposed<br>Compacted<br>Tidal Flats | Coarse /<br>Fine Sand<br>Beach | Eroding<br>Wave-Cut<br>Platform | Exposed<br>Rocky<br>Headland | Concrete<br>Walls &<br>Slipway | Marinas                | Boats |
| Natural Clean-<br>up    | Leave Alone   |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
| -                       | Collection of Oiled<br>Debris                       |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 | N/A                          |                                |                        | N/A   |
| Manual                  | HW Mark Debris<br>Collection                        |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 |                              |                                |                        | N/A   |
| Methods                 | Use of Sorbent<br>Material                          |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 | N/A                          |                                |                        |       |
|                         | Cutting & Removal of<br>Oiled Vegetation            |               | N/A                         | N/A                             |                 |                           | N/A                                 |                                | N/A                             | N/A                          | N/A                            | N/A                    | N/A   |
|                         | Removal of Oiled<br>Surface Sediments               |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                | N/A                             | N/A                          | N/A                            | N/A                    | N/A   |
| Mechanical<br>Methods   | Hosing / Flushing<br>Hotwater / Steam<br>Treatments |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
|                         | Skim & Pump to<br>Temporary Storage                 |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 | N/A                          |                                |                        |       |
| Bio -<br>remediation    | Oil Biodegredation<br>Enhancement                   |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                | N/A                             |                              | N/A                            | N/A                    | N/A   |
| Chemical<br>Methods     | Approved<br>Dispersants                             |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
| Wiethous                | Dispersing Gels                                     |               |                             |                                 |                 |                           |                                     |                                |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
|                         | NOTES   | 2             | 2                           |                                 | 1               | 1                         | 2                                   | 1                              |                                 |                              |                                |                        |       |
| KEY                     |   |               |                             | Option (if mo<br>native Option  |                 |                           | e used togeth<br>y be used)         | er                             |                                 |                              |                                | be Avoide<br>O NOT USE |       |

1. The leave alone option may be influenced by amenity value and a mechanical removal of oiled surface sediments may be preferred from May to September.

2. The leave alone option may be influenced by seasonal bird numbers. Depending on access, during October to March, free oil should be removed if possible.

Part 2

#### Section 8: Report Forms and Checklists

#### 8.1 CG77 POLREP Pollution Report Form

| A. Classification: - B. Date/Time/Observer: -  |         |    |
|--|---------|----|
| C. Position and Extent of Pollutio   | on: -   |    |
| D. Tide: -   | Wind: - |    |
| E. Weather: -<br>F. Characteristics of Pollution: -  |         | 2. |
|  |         |    |
|  | Marca - |    |
| G Course and Course of Dollution   | • 657   |    |
| G. Source and Cause of Pollution   |         |    |
| G. Source and Cause of Pollution   |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -   |         |    |
|  |         |    |
|  |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -   |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -   |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -<br>I. Not Used<br>J. Any Photographs or Samples: -  |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -<br>I. Not Used<br>J. Any Photographs or Samples: -<br>K. Remedial Action: -                       |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: -<br>I. Not Used<br>J. Any Photographs or Samples: -  |         |    |
| H. Details of Vessels in area: - I. Not Used J. Any Photographs or Samples: - K. Remedial Action: - L. Forecast of oil movement: - |         |    |

#### 8.2 Incident Log Sheet

| Incident Name: |           | Date:   |  |           |
|----------------|-----------|---------|--|-----------|
| Location:      |           | Page no |  |           |
| Time           | Narrative |         |  | Page   15 |
|                |           |         |  |           |
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|                |           |         |  |           |
|                |           |         |  |           |

#### 8.3 Waste Disposal Action Checklist

#### Oily Waste Generated from a Shoreline Clean-up Operation

#### a) Direct Transportation to Appropriate Disposal Site for Burial

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- 1. Identify suitably licensed waste carrier to remove material from site.
- 2. Confirm with waste carrier the disposal route and ultimate disposal site. Liaise with EA to ensure that the disposal strategy is acceptable.
- 3. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.
- 4. Ensure all associated paperwork is retained and catalogued.

#### b) Temporary Storage/Clean, Treat, Stabilize, Recover, Reuse

- 1. Discuss requirement to establish temporary storage sites along the shoreline with EA, the Local Authority and NE.
- 2. If agreed, identify temporary storage sites in close liaison with EA, NE and Local Authority.
- 3. Instruct Oil Spill Response Contractors to construct temporary storage sites. Area to be isolated, outlets and drains plugged, membrane laid, bunded area created, skips set or lagoons lined.
- 4. Identify suitably licensed waste carrier to remove material from site.
- 5. Confirm with waste carrier the disposal route and ultimate disposal site.
- 6. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.

### c) Temporary Storage and then to Appropriate Disposal Site for Burial

- 1. Discuss requirement to establish temporary storage sites along the shoreline with EA and the Local Authority.
- 2. If agreed, identify temporary storage sites in close liaison with EA and Local Authority.
- 3. Instruct Oil Spill Response Contractors to construct temporary storage sites. Area to be isolated, outlets and drains plugged, membrane laid, bunded area created, skips set or lagoons lined.
- 4. Identify suitably licensed waste carrier to remove material from site.
- 5. Confirm with waste carrier the disposal route and ultimate disposal site. Liaise with EA to ensure that the disposal strategy is acceptable.
- 6. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.

#### d) Take to a Refinery/Incinerator (mainly for oily liquids)

- 1. Identify suitably licensed waste carrier to remove material from site.
- 2. Identify suitable facility to receive waste.
- 3. Confirm with waste carrier the disposal route and ultimate disposal site. Liaise with EA to ensure that the disposal strategy is acceptable.
- 4. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.

#### Oily Liquids Recovered at Sea and Held on a Dedicated Oil Recovery Vessel

- 1. Notify HM Revenue and Customs that you intend to land recovered oil.
- 2. Identify suitable oil handling plant (refinery) to receive the waste.
- 3. If 2 is not available identify a harbour with a suitable berth for handling oils.
- 4. Identify a suitably licensed waste carrier to take the oily liquids off the vessel.
- 5. Confirm the disposal route with the waste carrier.
- 6. Notify Regulator and confirm that the identified disposal route meets with their satisfaction. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.
- 7. The removal of landed ships waste that is Hazardous Waste to:
  - a. conveyance for transport outside the harbour area.
  - b. reception facilities within the harbour area.
  - c. by pipeline to reception facilities outside the harbour all require to be consigned. However, there is no requirement to pre-notify these movements and consignment notes can be SC coded.
  - all oil wastes including fuels, mixtures, emulsification and spills are classed as Absolute Entries in terms of the regulations therefore there is no longer any percentage threshold of carcinogenic compounds; they are now Hazardous Waste regardless. All waste oils with the exception of edible oils are considered Hazardous Waste irrespective of their composition, biodegradability, synthetic nature or otherwise. There is no longer any threshold applicable to consider whether they are Hazardous Waste or not.

# Notify Regulator and confirm that the identified disposal route meets with their satisfaction. Ensure all associated paperwork, i.e. consignment notes are retained and catalogued.

Please refer to STOp note 3/16 for more information.

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#### Section 9: Press and Public Information

#### 9.1 Press Statement

In the event of a pollution incident, it will be necessary for an efficient and comprehensive information service to be brought into action so as to: Page | 18

• Deal professionally with the representatives of the media.

- Co-ordinate and release information to the general public regarding the pollution incident and the harbour response to it.
- Keep staff and involved personnel informed of developments regarding the progress of the incident; in so far as it affects their responsibilities.
- Minimise the pressures on those directly concerned with combating the spill.

Responsibility for media relations needs to be clearly understood and who will be required to respond. Under no circumstances should any person connected to the response speculate to the press as to the cause of the incident, not comment on any aspect of the response operation.

#### For guidance it would be expected as follows:

- Tier 1 spill Weymouth Harbour involvement only.
- Tier 2 spill Local Authority and Weymouth Harbour involvement.
- Tier 3 spill Activation of the Strategic Co-ordinating Groups with MCA Press Office staff in attendance.

It is essential that the media are provided with a "balanced" view of the incident and actions taken. Remarks like "no comment" only increase rumour and fuel unnecessary speculation. Below is the format of an Initial Press Statement that could be used by a responsible manager pending full details becoming available and a press release issued.

#### **Initial Press Statement**

"Weymouth Harbour can confirm that an incident has occurred (state where and give brief description) ......hours today.

Emergency response procedures have been initiated and the contingency plan has been activated. Relevant authorities (have been / are being) advised. All support services are being co-ordinated through the Authority's incident response team and every possible effort is being made both to minimise risk to personnel at the scene and to contain and mitigate any effects.

Further information will be released, (as it becomes available) at a press conference scheduled for ...... time today."